





## **PAGER** Version 4

10,000

100,000

1,000

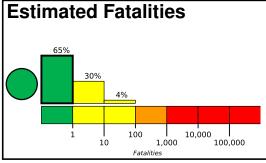
Created: 2 hours, 2 minutes after earthquake

100

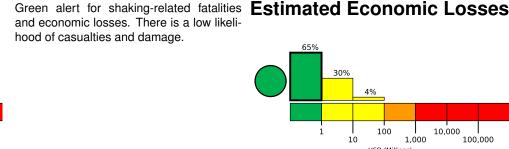
USD (Millions)

## M 5.4, 3km ENE of Itbayat, Philippines

Origin Time: 2019-07-26 20:16:57 UTC (Sat 04:16:57 local) Location: 20.8037° N 121.8685° E Depth: 9.1 km





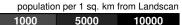


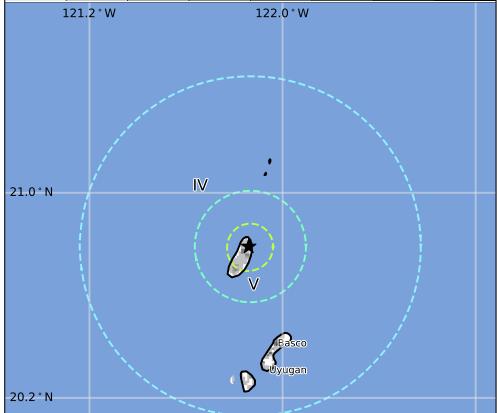
Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking

							<u> </u>			
ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k=x1000)		_*	_*	9k	0	4k	0	0	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED SHAKING		Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	Resistant Structures	None	None	None	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
	Vulnerable Structures	None	None	None	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

<sup>\*</sup>Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.

## Population Exposure





**Historical Earthquakes** 

and heavy wood frame construction.

**Structures** 

Date	Dist.	Mag.	Max	Shaking	
(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths	
2000-05-17	382	5.4	VI(3k)	3	
1988-07-20	354	5.9	VII(226k)	1	
1999-09-20	345	7.6	IX(1,778k)	2k	

Overall, the population in this region resides in struc-

tures that are a mix of vulnerable and earthquake resistant construction. The predominant vulnerable building types are unknown/miscellaneous types

Recent earthquakes in this area have caused secondary hazards such as landslides and liquefaction that might have contributed to losses.

## Selected City Exposure

from GeoNames.org MMI City Population Itbayat <1kΙV Basco 7k IV Mahatao <1kIV Sabtang <1kIV Ivana <1kIV Uyugan <1k

bold cities appear on map.

(k = x1000)

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.